

# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT MIDDLE SECTION



SUBJECT: ENGLISH			TOPIC: Conjunctions
CLASS VNAME:	R. No:	_ Date: _	WORKSHEET 24

Conjunctions are known as 'joining words'. They join words, parts of sentences or sentences together.

We use conjunctions to prevent sentences from sounding repetitive and awkward.

### Examples

Look at these sentences:

1. We have a **house**. We have a **garden**.

We have a **house** <u>and</u> a garden

2. The fisherman is walking along the beach. The fisherman is carrying a lot of fish.

The fisherman is walking along the beach <u>and</u> carrying a lot of fish.

3. My friend got into the school bus. There was no seat for him.

My friend got into the school bus <u>but</u> there was no seat for him.

4. We walked to the school bus. We got into it.

We walked to the school bus <u>and</u> got into it.

- 5. I have a **pen** <u>and</u> a **book**. (joining two **nouns**)
- 6. He jumped <u>and</u> laughed. (joining two verbs)
- 7. She is **beautiful** <u>and</u> **tall**. (joining two **adjectives**)
- 8. He eats quickly <u>but</u> noisily. (Joining two adverbs)
- 9. I decided to consult a doctor *because* I was not feeling well.(to give a reason)
- 10. He is slow <u>but</u> steady. (To show a contrast)

- 11. Riya chopped the vegetables *and* Ravi cooked them. (Addition)
- 12. *Either* take these sweets *or* leave them. (Choice)
- 13. He is very wealthy, *yet* unhappy. (Contrast)

## 1. Fill in the blanks with the correct conjunctions.

(so either and when or but because )

- a. I was annoyed \_\_\_\_\_\_ I kept quiet.
- b. She is both clever \_\_\_\_\_ careless.
- c. There was a power cut \_\_\_\_\_\_we could not study.
- d. You may eat \_\_\_\_\_\_these sweets \_\_\_\_\_\_those samosas.
- e. I'll come with you \_\_\_\_\_\_ I finish washing my clothes.
- f. I have not gone anywhere \_\_\_\_\_\_my aunt came to stay with us for a week.

## 2. Join these sentences with conjunctions.

- a. Will you have tea? Will you have coffee?
- b. She is tired. She cannot sleep.
- c. They are watching TV. They are chatting.

d. He is not very strong. He works hard.

e. We did not go out to play. It was raining.

## 3. Fill in the blanks with appropriate conjunctions.

a. He was tired \_\_\_\_\_\_he had been working for a long time. (and, because)

- b. You will win the first prize \_\_\_\_\_\_you work hard. (if, but)
- c. He took out his brush \_\_\_\_\_\_began to paint. (and, or)
- d. I missed the bus \_\_\_\_\_\_ I reached the bus stop late. (but, because)
- e. I waited for him \_\_\_\_\_\_ he arrived. (till, yet)
- f. \_\_\_\_\_\_ it was raining we went out.( although, still)
- g. \_\_\_\_\_ he was not invited, he did not come.(since, or )
- h.\_\_\_\_\_ you are mistaken or I am .( if , either)
- i. Time \_\_\_\_\_ tide do not wait for anybody.( and , so)
- j. You won't pass the test \_\_\_\_\_\_ you study. (when, unless)
- k. I will allow you to play \_\_\_\_\_you finish your homework.( if , and)
- 4. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions.
- 1. He sells apples \_\_\_\_\_ oranges.
- 2. I did not succeed \_\_\_\_\_ I worked hard.
- 3. We honour him\_\_\_\_\_ he is a brave man.
- 4. He was poor \_\_\_\_\_\_ he was honest.
- 5. She is rich \_\_\_\_\_\_ she is not happy.
- 6. The horses \_\_\_\_\_ oxen are grazing.
- 7. You worked hard \_\_\_\_\_ you got the scholarship.
- 8. She drives fast \_\_\_\_\_ carefully too.
- 9. Both Abdul \_\_\_\_\_ Hamid are absent.
- 10. He sat down \_\_\_\_\_he was deadly tired.
- 11. I fell \_\_\_\_\_ broke my leg.
- 12. Although the cobbler was poor \_\_\_\_\_\_ he was honest.
- 13. Both Kavita \_\_\_\_\_ Dimple are at fault.
- 14. Children love ice cream \_\_\_\_\_chocolates.
- 15. Either eat ice-cream \_\_\_\_\_ hot samosa.